

May 3, 2017

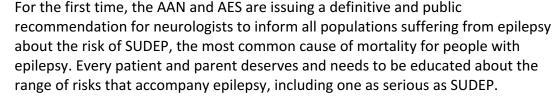
Fighting Epilepsy & SUDEP



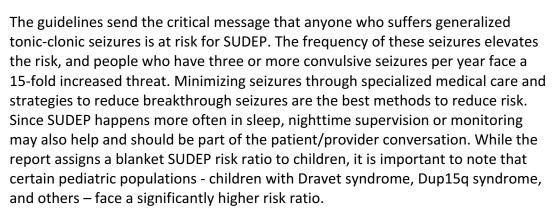


The release of new practice guidelines co-developed by the American Academy of Neurology (AAN) and the American Epilepsy Society (AES) on the issue of Sudden Unexpected Death in Epilepsy (SUDEP) is a benchmark moment for everyone impacted by epilepsy. Historically, the communication between medical professionals and their patients about SUDEP risk has been unacceptably low. Too often, family members have learned about SUDEP only after they have lost a loved one. A change in practice is long overdue.

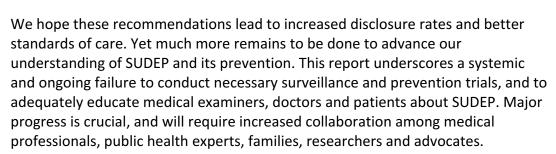














We urge all medical professionals to use these recommendations to initiate an honest and ongoing conversation that is tailored to their patient's risk level. Furthermore, we urgently call for expanded research to better our understanding of SUDEP incidence, risk factors and to identify additional prevention strategies that could save lives.













Fighting Epilepsy & SUDEP





















ABOUT EPILEPSY AND SUDEP

Epilepsy is a neurological condition that is typically diagnosed after two or more unprovoked seizures. The disease affects nearly 3 million Americans - more people than multiple sclerosis, cerebral palsy, muscular dystrophy and Parkinson's combined – yet receives fewer federal dollars per patient than each. A death is referred to as SUDEP when a seemingly healthy person with epilepsy dies unexpectedly and no clear reason for the death can be determined. SUDEP takes more lives annually than house fires and SIDS combined.

Signed,

Danny Did Foundation

CURE, Citizens United for Research in Epilepsy

Epilepsy Foundation

NASR: North American SUDEP Registry

Autism Speaks

FACES: Finding a Cure for Epilepsy and Seizures

Tuberous Sclerosis Alliance

Dup15q Alliance

Dravet Syndrome Foundation Autism Science Foundation

SUDEP Action